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STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME THIRTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAR. 30, 1933

Whole No. 654

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

(Phone 55)

Easter Novelties—Bunny Rabbits, Chocolate
Chicks, Colored Eggs—A Good Assort-
ment, Reasonably Priced.
TRY OUR SPECIAL DINNER—25c. and Up.
FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

FREE!
ONE WEEK ONLY
APRIL 1st to 8th.

Buy any size can, as many as you like,
of the **FAMOUS MIRACLE VARVISH**
or **ENAMEL** at the regular price and
you will be given an equal number **FREE**.

Stony Plain Hardware,
STONY PLAIN, ALTA.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited

(Licensed and Bonded with the Board of Grain Commissioners)

OPERATING

375 Country Elevators
100 Flour Warehouses
275 Coal Sheds

Terminal Elevators at Vancouver

Capacity 6,000,000 bushels

Bankers

Royal Bank of Canada
Canadian Bank of Commerce

Bank of Toronto
Bank of Montreal

THE SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

PHONE 21.

BUYING HOGS AND LIVE STOCK EVERY
THURSDAY.

PETER HENKEL, Proprietor.

Holborn Happenings.

On Sunday the 19th the
Holborn puck chasers once
again met a combined team
of Hansens Corner and Bright-
bank. Much fast skating and
hard stick handling was ex-
hibited. The Holborn boys
rained constant blows with
the well armed puck upon the
human wall in front of the
Brightbank goal but to no
avail. The opponent team
thought that the only way
they could save the day was

to pile up in front of their
goal and thus they did marvel-
ously well. The game finally
ended up scoreless and to finish
things off tip-top a first class
boxing match ensued.

The card party and dance
held on the 21st by the
U.F.W.A. was a good success.
Fourteen tables were put into
full swing. Mrs P Barnes was
the winner for the Ladies 1st
prize and Mr Korn the win-
ner for the men. The Schleker
boys supplied the music for
the dance. H.J.R.

The First of the Season.

The runaway season opened
rather late this Spring, but it
got off to a good start at
10.03 o'clock on Friday last
when a spanking team of bays
attached to an easy-running
sleigh galloped south past The
Sun office at about 23 m.p.h.
The horses were owned by
Mr O Meads, and had become
frightened when down at the
mill. On reaching the Bank
corner they ran up on the
pavement and were stopped by
a Mr Barber. Getting away
from him, they continued their
journey till they reached the
United church.

No damage was done to
any person or thing en route;
altho a few close shaves are
recorded.

The "17th" Dance.

The Editor regrets that
anyone was inconvenienced
by mistaking the dance ad-
vertised for the 17th to mean
St Patrick's Day, March 17.
The Sun had been asked to
advertise a dance for the 17th
of March, but this had been
countermanded some time be-
fore that date, and the dance
affair changed to April 17th,
Easter Monday.

We have been informed that
several sleigh loads of dancers
came to town on St Patrick's
night, looking for a dance.
This would not have happen-
ed had the organisers of the
party kept a little closer tab
on the items which appear in
the "Calendar" printed in The
Sun practically every week.

With the Curlers.

As practically every one
knows, the regular curling
season has closed, but not
with a bang—the latter being
kept over to next season. At
the beginning of the last con-
test it was thought the ice
would last, but the players
were doomed to be disap-
pointed. However, everyone
seems to be highly pleased
with the season's playing, on
the whole, and no complaints
are heard.

Those gents who expected
to insert their molars in the
cookery dairies provided at
the banquet which customar-
ily followed the close of the
season's play, are likely, also,
to be disappointed. It appears
that, as the records show, at
the close of the 1931-32 sea-
son the eats were on the vice-
president's bunch, and nothing
happened. The close of the
1932-33 seen the dinners on
the president's aggregation.

'Tis whispered in curling
circles that the chief officers
and second mates on each
side have put their noodles
together, with the result that
the banquet affair may be
called a draw—0-0.

And, besides, rabbits are
scarce! —Contributed.

Card of Thanks.

Concerning to the accident hap-
pened in the Cottage Lake district:
The party absolutely thanked the
people for the help given. It would
have been best for the informer
party to find out first how things
were before broadcasting.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

**Some of Our
Weekly Specials:**

Ladies' Spring Hats, \$1.95 & \$2.95.

Men's Work Shirts, 79c, 98c, \$1;
special for this week.

New shipment of Prints for Spring
Sewing, 3 yards for 49c.

Men's Spring Caps, special, 79c.
and \$1.00.

Reversible Cretonne, 29c. yard.

Spring Rubbers for the whole family.

As usual, lots of Grocery Specials.

HARDWICK'S

Agents Alberta Dairy Pool Cream.

ANDERSON'S BAKERY.

Fresh Bread Every Day—4 Loaves for 25c; 18 for \$1.

ALL KINDS OF PASTRY AND PIES.

See Our SATURDAY SPECIALS in the Window.

PAUL ANDERSON, - Proprietor.

AUCTION SALE!
IN STONY PLAIN,
SAT., APRIL 8th.

Horses, Cattle, Implements,
Household Goods, etc.

Anyone who has Horses, Cattle, Mach-
inery, Household Goods or any article
of value, should bring these in, and we
will sell 'em. Farmers, why bother im-
plement agents with your second-hand
machinery, when you can get more for
them at these Sales?

Stock will be sold at the Livery Barn.

Household and other goods will be
sold at the Kelly warehouse. Bring these
in at any time; free storage.

Terms Cash. Sale at 2 P.M.

M. ZUCHT, Auctioneer.
O. G. Wudel, Clerk.

Enjoy This Finer Quality

"SARAJA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

A Great Opportunity.

In articles written for this column a studios effort is made to avoid subjects of a partisan political character, because we are not concerned with the fate of political parties, as such, but only with the effect which the adoption or rejection of any given policy may have upon the welfare of the country and people as a whole. For this reason, and in order to avoid even an appearance of partisanship, discussion of certain subjects which undoubtedly are in the public interest, but which, unfortunately, have become involved in party controversy, has not been undertaken. The aim of this column has been, and will continue to be, to present information, logically and fairly interpreted, and leave it to the reader to reach his or her own conclusions.

One subject which has, therefore, been more or less taboo in this column is Customs Tariffs, their effect on prices, on the trade and commerce of the country, on both internal and external development, and international relationships in general. That does not make the subject of Tariffs still remain because political parties remain sharply divided on the question, but there is one particular aspect of the Tariff and Trade question which, within recent weeks, has been lifted out of the realm of partisan controversy so far as Canada is concerned. Reference is to the subject of reciprocity with the United States.

All political parties in Canada are now definitely committed to the policy of entering into favorable trade relations with our great neighbor to the south, and most happily, the present Administration, in the United States is also favorable. It would appear, therefore, unless purely selfish interests in both countries are allowed to unduly influence the probable course of events, a new chapter in the trade relations of these two good neighbors will shortly be written.

After all, it will not in reality be the writing of a new chapter, but the re-opening after a long interval of the book at an old chapter, and a revision of that chapter in the light of present day developments and needs. Reciprocity did prevail many years ago between Canada and the United States, and it was admittedly advantageous to both countries. Why, then, was it abrogated? The Encyclopedia Britannica gives the reason in these words:

"A heritage of differences and difficulties had been left to be settled between England, Canada and the American Union as the result of the Civil War. In retaliation for the supposed sympathy of Canadians with the South in the struggle, the victorious North took steps to abrogate in 1866 the reciprocity treaty of 1854, which had conferred such great advantages on both countries."

Whatever the differences and difficulties and ill-feelings and suspicions which were engendered by the American Civil War, they have long since passed away. They no longer stand as a stumbling block to the development of the freest and largest possible exchange of trade between these two countries, each of which is the natural market of the other.

Now with the situation in Canada being that any Government in power at Ottawa, whether Conservative, Liberal, C.F., or a coalition of any two or all three parties, would be committed by their party declarations to the negotiation of a reciprocal trade agreement, and with the Roosevelt Administration supported by an overwhelming majority in both Houses of Congress, equally favorable, the time would appear to be most opportune for the cultivation of the strongest possible public sentiment in favor of the early realization of such a policy on a comprehensive scale, and covering the widest possible range of commodities.

According to Henry Chalmers, of Washington, chief of the Foreign Tariff Division of the United States Department of Commerce, "the Government is working 'full tilt' on a reciprocal tariff programme." Even before the Hoover Administration retired from office the Government tariff experts had been put to work on a reciprocal tariff programme, said Mr. Chalmers, in order to help "the Roosevelt Administration get a 'flying start'."

Mr. Roosevelt's Secretary of Commerce, Daniel C. Roper, openly advocates a United States tariff policy "of common sense and common decency to other nations." He says: "For too many years we have, as a nation, been fervent in our protestations of a desire to foster our international trade, while at the same time we have actually been doing our best to place in its path almost insurmountable obstacles. There are honest differences of opinion as to tariff policies, but I believe that an overwhelming majority of the American people have unmistakably shown that they are tired of a policy that has antagonized every nation in the world." Buying as well as selling must occur in foreign commerce, said Mr. Roper, adding that no nation could successfully market its own goods if it persisted in refusing to admit a reasonable volume of the products of other countries.

Let it be repeated, therefore, that now, with partisan differences in Canada having been thrown into the discard on this question, is the time for the people of this country to unite in the development of a great sentiment in favor of a far-reaching reciprocal trade agreement with the United States, and the presentation of a united front in order that our great natural market to the south may be re-opened in which to sell our primary products, and in which to buy the goods which we need to develop our country, and which the United States can supply naturally, quickly from the standpoint of service, and more economically than any other country.

Italy will spend \$35,000,000 on aviation in the next year.

"Civilization is the history of surmounted difficulties."

Nervous—Could Not Sleep Tired Out All The Time

Mrs. George Serbin, Nawigawak, N.B., writes:—"I was so very nervous I could not sleep at night, and felt tired out all the time."

A neighbor told me about Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and as she was using them at the time she gave me some to try. I found they were doing me so much good I procured two boxes and they proved of wonderful help to me."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Sweden's "Garden Cities"

Stockholm is Fringed With Communal Homes Since War

Factory-made cottages that can be put up in a day have become popular in Sweden and Stockholm is fringed with little "garden cities."

The workman who tires of apartment life can order a new home on Monday and help his wife put up the curtains and lay the rugs a few days later.

The "garden cities" are part of a communal building program, designed to provide low rents for wage earners, in which the city government has in the last ten years extended its direct financial aid to nearly 100,000 persons, almost one-fifth of the population of the city.

The program was instituted after the World War when there was a shortage of homes as a result of industrial development. The government bought up large country estates, and these are parceled out on long-term leases.

The person who decides to build a cottage can have 90 per cent. of the cost financed by the government. The interest charges on the money pay for road development, gas, water and sewer mains. For a modern cottage, with three rooms, kitchen and full basement, the dweller pays about 950 kroner or \$260 a year.

Like Buckingham Palace

King and Queen Fond Of Quiet Spacious Gardens

While some of the younger members of the royal family dislike Buckingham Palace, the King and Queen are very fond of it. They love the quiet, spacious gardens where they can meander and read and work. Queen Alexandra was most reluctant to leave the Palace and return to Marlborough House after the death of King Edward. Prince George left the house, not because he disliked it, but because he wanted to join the Prince of Wales, his favorite brother.

SAVED IMPORTED DRESS

"After a little wearing, a lovely green voile—an imported dress—lost color so completely that it was not wearable. A friend who had admired it asked me why I wasn't wearing it any more. On hearing the reason, she advised dyeing it and recommended Diamond Dyes. To make a long story short, it turned out beautifully. I have a lovely new dress that really cost just the price of one package of Diamond Dyes."

"I have since used Diamond Dyes for both tinting and dyeing. They do either equally well. I am not an expert dyer but I have a failure with Diamond Dyes. They seem to be made so they always go on smoothly and evenly. They never spot, and I have never known the things I dye with Diamond Dyes are redyed at all."

Mrs. R.F., Quebec.

Property Of The King

Many Important Thoroughfares In London Belong To Crown

Choice properties of London and splendid agricultural estates are listed among the holdings of the Crown Lands Commission, who administer the estates once owned by the Kings of England personally. In London the crown owns virtually all the modern shopping centers of the West End, Regent Street, and the broad boulevard called the Mall which leads to Buckingham Palace. Much adjacent property, too, belongs to the crown, besides many other important thoroughfares, including the Strand and Cockspur Street. Agricultural estates in England amount to more than 100,000 acres. Revenue amounts to nearly \$9,200,000 annually, from which the King's Privy Purse, amounting to about \$2,350,000 is taken.

Using Asbestos Shields

Fire-fighters in Germany are using asbestos shields to protect them from the intense heat of large conflagrations so that they may approach nearer the blaze and fight it more effectively. One type of screen in Berlin is shaped like a big umbrella and is opened and closed.

Flower Seller: "Snowdrops, sir?" Absent-minded Gen: "Yes, you're right; it does."

ROYAL YEAST CAKE

Coffee Cake

A Real Treat!

COFFEE CAKE—equally popular for tea, luncheon or supper...

Cream together ½ c. butter and ½ c. sugar, add 1 well-beaten egg and ½ c. milk. Add this mixture with about 2 c. flour and 1 tsp. salt to 1 c. Royal Yeast Sponge* to make a soft dough. Knead lightly and place in greased bowl. Cover and set in warm place until double in bulk. (About 1½ hrs.) Shape into regular coffee roll shape. Allow to rise until double in bulk. Brush surface with melted butter and sprinkle with nuts or cinnamon. Bake at 400° F. about 25 min.

BUY
MADE-IN-
CANADA
GOODS

*ROYAL YEAST SPONGE: Soak 1 Royal Yeast Cake in ½ pint lukewarm water for 15 min. Dissolve 1 tsp. sugar in ½ pint milk. Add to dissolved yeast cake. Add 1 quart bread flour. Beat thoroughly. Cover and let rise overnight to double in bulk in

warm place free from draughts. Makes 5 to 6 cups of batter.



B SURE to keep a supply of Royal Yeast Cakes on hand to use when you bake at home. Sealed in air-tight waxed paper, they stay fresh for months. These famous dry yeast cakes have been the standard for over 50 years. And send for free copy of the ROYAL YEAST BAKE BOOK—gives 23 tested recipes. Address Standard Brands Limited, Fraser Ave. & Liberty St., Toronto, Ont.

Single Men For Air Force

Australian Government Prefers Them For Several Reasons

The Federal Government of Australia wants its air force personnel composed of young, unmarried men, and the reasons are psychological and commercial.

It is pointed out that the experience has been that single men are likely to accept the hazards of aviation with less misgiving than men who are under the responsibility of supporting wife and family. For that reason particularly, it is believed the single men display more nerve and are likely to make a better record where desperate risks must be accepted.

The other consideration is that dependents of married men have claims for compensation in the case of death or injury of the married aviator and Australia's finances are not such as to justify extra outlay.

"Buy British" Campaign Should Be Modified

Originator Of Movement Thinks It Has Gone Far Enough

"Buy British," the campaign that was expected to bring about a revival of British manufacturing by turning purchasers away from foreign goods to home products, is now doubted by one of its most powerful advocates.

Sir Edward Crowe, Controller of the Department of Overseas Trade, said in an address: "I think probably the 'Buy British' campaign has gone far enough. We want to buy American goods and we want America to buy British goods." His remarks were made to a gathering of American and British business men.

Sir Edward confessed he had been an originator of the movement he now would modify. It was set on foot by the Empire Marketing Board, of which he is a member.

World's Poultry Congress

The first World's Poultry Congress was held in the Netherlands in 1921, the second in Spain in 1924; the third in Canada in 1927, and the fourth in England, 1930. The fifth will be held in Rome, in September, to which Canada will send a fine contingent of Canadian birds through the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

"I want you to grow up straight—every chin a man," said the king to his son, "so that you'll make a good ruler."

Wheat Export Prospects

Canada Expected To Greatly Improve Her Position During Coming Year

Canada's position in wheat export position in 1932-33, as compared with the previous year, the monthly review of the wheat situation, issued by the department of trade and commerce, says. Scarcity of wheat in Russia and partial failure of the Danube crop are given as grounds for this prediction.

In the present crop year to date, Russian and Danubian shipments have amounted to only 19,000,000 bushels, with the prospect that no more than an additional 5,000,000 bushels will be shipped to the end of July, 1933. This would require of the non-European wheat-producing countries an export of about 640,000,000 bushels for the whole crop year, or about the same as in the preceding year.

The report estimates the new Australian crop at 200,000,000 bushels, with a surplus of 150,000,000 bushels for current export. Of this, 101,000,000 bushels has already been exported.

Argentina's estimate is 236,000,000 bushels leaving 126,000,000 bushels for current export. Of that a total of 57,000,000 bushels has still to be exported.

Canada's Mineral Production

"Canada's mining industry today, depressed as it is by world conditions, still remains one of the brightest spots in our industrial life," stated Dr. Charles Camsell, Deputy Minister of Mines, in his address before the Canadian Ceramic Society in convention at Ottawa recently. He stated that the value of Canadian mineral production in 1932 was over \$180,000,000. It provided employment for over 65,000 workmen, with a total pay roll of over \$90,000,000.

for CUTS & SORES

Apply Minard's freely. It cures cuts, sores, chafes, Any wound heals quickly. There's nothing better!

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1987

One Of the Contributory Causes Of the Present Crisis is That People Do Not Love the Land

Few thinkers lay the cause of the present crisis on any one thing; and although there is some disagreement in emphasis, most people include the following as the leading reasons of the world's travail—in the realm of politics, the war debts, excessive governmental expenditure, international commercial paralysis due to high tariff barriers; in the realm of economics, over capitalization, over concentration of spending power, over production; and in the realm of sociology, machines, individual extravagance.

There is not now, and perhaps there never will be, complete harmony over the order of importance of these causes. We even wonder how pertinent is the application to this continent. With the exception of the War debts and the tariff situation, the causes of the present "depression" (we use the word guardedly) as listed above are to a large degree alien. That is to say, they originate in North America and their influence is felt within its confines. This realization is challenging, for it forces a deeper probing of the causes of the existing economic and social turmoil.

Perhaps an astute investigator would not be long in detecting the profoundly disturbing psychological basis of the present conditions. North Americans are rootless peoples. As a racial group, they are not endeared to the land. It is true that no single industry is as numerically great as that which derives its living from the soil, and that therefore the charge of rootlessness seems to be entirely unwarranted, but the tragic emphasis is that these people do not love the land. Rather, they wrest their livelihood from it; they take and take and take from the land, and they hate that which they love.

The broad implication is that this is a continent that has never been loved—perhaps it is too shortly settled—since its soil is not loved. And dotting its wide reaches is a multitude of churning hearts. Main Streets, with their restless resentful broods. Distorted instincts have made these towns unlovely and unlovable. The roots of most of their peoples have not penetrated the cement streets to the good earth below; humanity and the soil have not met.

This condition has held for several decades now. Youth, brought up on the farm, years for the city, and is swallowed up in its clanking machinery. And so the landed classes lack continuity. There has been a mere idle rocking of forces in the shift from country to town. And now the continent seems to be paying a twice-extracted retribution for its superficiality.

Man should not merely conquer the land, he should also win it. And that is where North America has so far failed. The looted land, by creating a distorted, resentful, warring psychology in the hearts of its looters, is wreaking a subtle vengeance that may yet be more terrible than anyone can conceive.—Winnipeg Free Press.

An Envious Position

Britain Has Confidence Of People Impervious To Panic

Walter Lippman, writing in New York Herald-Tribune says: "Why is it that Britain is comparatively better placed at the moment than so many other nations? Is it because her fundamental difficulties are smaller? Not at all. The fundamental difficulties of Britain are real ones. But what Britain has had is the confidence of a disciplined people, of a people politically competent that they are impervious to panic. In the past few months the American people have gradually had it brought home to them that the ordinary happy-go-lucky methods of each for himself, each Senator, each faction, each state, each section, each privileged group for itself, may be all very well in easy times, but in the midst of a crisis they are as impossible as in time of war."

Use Canadian Wheat

Heavy Shipment Have Been Going Forward To United Kingdom

Canada continues to find a large market for wheat in the United Kingdom, according to the monthly review of the wheat situation by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. During the seven months from August to February, the United Kingdom imported 112,000,000 bushels of wheat. Of this amount Canada supplied about 16,000,000 bushels or 59 per cent.

These figures indicate that during the present crop year British mills have been using an exceptionally high percentage of Canadian wheat.



(By Ruth Rogers)



A SMART MODEL WITH CERTAIN VERSATILITY REGARDING MATERIALS

It's unbelievably simple to fashion. The scarf neckline is easy to handle, yet new and attractive in effect. The bodice is cut with raglan shoulders. All you've to do is to join the sleeves to the bodice, following the perforations for same.

The skirt has length-giving panels at the front. As for materials for this charming model, it only remains for what occasion it is desired.

For street, it is lovely in navy blue crinkly crepe silk with white crepe silk scarf collar.

Very effective and cool for spring and later wear is to make it with short sleeves of a crepe silk print with plain toning crepe trim.

It's sporty with short sleeves of grey rabbit's hair woolen with yellow crepe silk scarf collar.

Style No. 575 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

Size 14 requires 3 1/4 yards 39-inch, with 1/2 yard 39-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Figures Are Interesting

Last Census Shows More Widows Than Widowers In Canada

Canada has more widows than widowers. At the 1931 census, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports, it was discovered there were 288,641 women who had lost their husbands and only 148,954 men who had lost their wives.

There were 3,179,444 single males and 2,771,968 single females; 2,033, 240 married males and 1,937,950 married females.

There were 5,441 divorced persons in Canada at the census of 1931, of whom 4,940 were men and 3,392 women. The divorced husbands formed .08 per cent of the male population and the divorced wives .07 per cent of the female population.

Divorced husbands in 1921 formed .06 per cent of the male population, exactly the same as in 1931, but divorced wives in 1921 formed .09 of the female population, so that ratio to population there were fewer divorced wives in 1931.

Certified Seed Potatoes

Official Tags Constitute Guarantee To The Public

Canadian certified seed potatoes are known in many countries of the world, but, nevertheless, many people have a hazy idea of what is implied by the word "Certified." There need be no doubt as to the world's true significance for the Dominion Department of Agriculture has defined certification as a means of recording seed stock that is of good type, from vigorous plants, and, as far as practical under advanced conditions of farming, relatively free from serious diseases. When potatoes have been inspected in the field and after harvest by an authorized officer of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and have been found vigorous and to conform to the standards set of freedom from serious diseases and of purity of variety, they may be certified. Official tags are issued for such seed stocks exclusively and these tags constitute the guarantee that Canadian certified seed potatoes are being dealt with.

Professor Einstein announces that up to now he has been unsuccessful in reconciling the Quantum theory with the Relativity theory. All of us will therefore have to be content with perfectly understanding each theory separately, as we now do.

A new type of safety glass that eliminates eye strain has been developed for motor vehicles. Reflections from sun, snow and bright surfaced highways are filtered out by the new glass.

Planning To Establish A Well-Founded Town Worthy Of Western Canada's Sea Port

There will be no "bubble" boom for the Port of Churchill; nothing that will gladden temporarily with optimistic opportunities only to crack from the lack of constructive settlement.

Prepared to throw open the town site to public occupation this spring, Manitoba Government officials, administrators of the infant port, just entering its second actual year, are planning to prevent any undesired rush to Churchill. They want to establish a well-founded town worthy of Western Canada's outlet to the sea.

Meanwhile, directors of the town and port are optimistic. People in many parts of the world are interested in the future of this rugged little settlement across the river from the scattered pile of rock that once was historic Churchill. Hundreds of replies have been received to circulars sent out by the Department announcing when the townsite would be open for settlement.

Numerous applications for permission to establish various business enterprises have been received by R. W. Gyles, director of lands, who has charge of development work. Many have requested further information regarding business and shipping possibilities before deciding to make application.

If all applications were granted by the Department, and construction were to begin at the spring opening, summer would find a remarkable sight at the rock-bound mouth of Churchill River.

There would be a business district capable of catering to the citizenry of a small city. In applications submitted permission is sought to build 22 hotels, 23 cafes, 55 stores, 24 warehouses, 36 offices, 30 public buildings (churches, Government offices, banks and theatres) and 20 shops (laundry, barber, printing, etc.); also 176 general enquiries regarding possibility of residential development.

Some applications, Mr. Gyles said, came from England, many from the United States.

If the port proves its worth, in the opinion of the director, there will be no difficulty in leasing space in the town, which has been surveyed and drawn into districts to provide for an ultimate population of from 5,000 to 6,000 persons. Present development, however, provides for population of only from 600 to 1,000.

This population would be great

enough, Mr. Gyles believes, to fit their plan for "slow and sure" development. It is going to be a "long, slow" task, he concedes, but he is confident of its future. People and firms, who come to the port or establish business agencies are aware of the length of time it will require to give the new site a fair test.

The Government wants the town development founded on a basis as sturdy as the rocky townsite itself. Though restrictions on passenger and freight traffic has been lifted, officials will still watch closely the increasing population. No "overnight" businesses are wanted, and directors have notified all interested parties that leases on all properties here will be for 50 years, with possible revision in rental every five years.

The picturesque site, dominated by the towering white grain elevator, mainstay of the port, is divided into well planned avenues and squares. There are 21 streets, each named after some historical character such as Hudson, Selkirk, Raddison, Croswell, La Verandrie and Franklin, with from 20 to 50 lots on each. Rental of these will range from \$25 to \$100 annually.

Already there exists a possibility of sufficient industries to build up the town population. Warehouses, shipping branches and even an oil refinery, and a rendering plant are rumored, but to avoid arousing any false hopes officials are reticent to discuss what may not materialize.

With opening of shipping in Hudson's Bay the port will burst into activity. The big elevator is jammed to capacity with 2,500,000 bushels of Western Canadian wheat, which inspectors have just reported in excellent condition. The far northern winter, they said, had no ill effect on the grain, stored there last fall before winter called a temporary halt to transportation over the Hudson's Bay Railway.

Movement of grain should start again immediately the elevator is cleared and officials expect this summer will find a shipping fleet regularly carrying grain from Churchill to United Kingdom and other European countries. And in the interim a campaign is being waged among Western Canadian concerns in support of the movement to make importations through Churchill so vessels will not be obliged to travel to the northern port in ballast.

Reviving World Trade

Radical Change In Regard To Tariffs Only Feasible Way

If there is to be an international economic system at all, and if world trade is to revive, there must be a much freer exchange of goods generally than exists at present. Unless the Economic Conference is able to achieve this, neither the gold standard nor any other international standard, which endeavors to fix the exchange rates between different countries can be permanently maintained. In other words, before we attempt to co-operate once more in setting up an international monetary system, we must make it a condition not merely that the war debts are reduced to a harmless proportion, but that there is a radical change in the present situation as regards tariffs and trade restrictions.—Sir Walter Layton in London News-Chronicle.

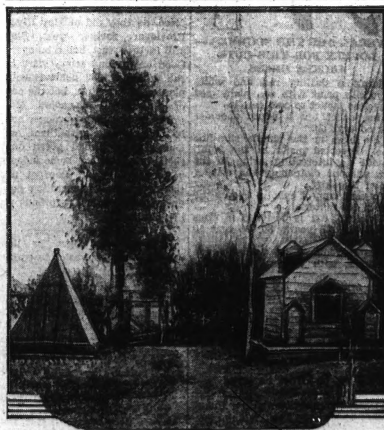
Should Be Fully Ripe

Bananas, just like any fruit, if eaten raw should be fully ripe. All suggestion of green at the tips should have disappeared and the skin be a deep yellow slightly speckled with brown. In this condition the flavor is deliciously mellow and the fruit easily digestible. For cooking purposes, the slightly green fruit may be used with safety.

The British food control is watching closely the effect on retail prices of present and future restrictions of meat imports.

The starfish has one set of eyes on each of its five arms.

+ Do You Know? +



—Photograph Canadian National Railways.

THAT when a Pacific Coast Indian dies the grave is enclosed within a fence or a structure is built over it. Within the enclosure are placed the tools and weapons of the brave; the household utensils of the spouse or the toys of the child according to the age and sex of the occupant of the grave so that the spirit may not enter the "Happy Hunting Ground" unprepared. The photograph shows an Indian grave near Hazelton in northern British Columbia.

headaches?
Act at once!
Is your system
poisoned by inner
sluggishness?
You need Eno's
every morning.

TAKE
ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

**WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD**

Patents granted in Czechoslovakia last year numbered 3,900, an increase of 250 over 1931.

Nearly 500,000,000 pounds of coconuts were grown in the Gold Coast territory of Africa last year; in 1931 the total output was only 80 pounds.

Applications to lease business lots and residential sites in Churchill, Man., Canada's new northern seaport on Hudson Bay, now are being accepted by the Manitoba Government.

Trustees of Lethbridge school board have decided to meet debentures and interest coupons in Canadian money only, thus following in the footsteps of the city of Calgary and its school board.

Spoken for, 8,000,000 men who fought in the World War announced to the disarmament conference that they want peace and believe genuine disarmament to be essential to attainment of the desire.

Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, principal Chinese delegate to the special League of Nations assembly which dealt with the China-Japanese conflict, urges international action to prevent Japan from establishing "mastery of the Pacific."

A decline of \$250,522,562 in Canada's trade during the elapsed 11 months of the present fiscal year, as compared with the same period of a year ago, is shown in a statement issued through the department of national revenue.

Empire materials are to be used on government contracts in future. This applies, not only to contracts let by the departments of government but also to the Canadian National Railways and government boards and commissions.

Charles F. Morrison, 89, a resident of British Columbia since 1862, is dead at his home in Metakata, near Prince Rupert. He helped build the famous Caribou road and later, in 1865, he saw the first piece of lumber put on Burrard Inlet.

**In Sixty-Eight Years
Sprout Of Walnut Tree Attained
Diameter Of 32 Inches**

Sixty-eight years ago, a tiny black walnut sprouting broke through the ground near Woodstock, Ont., and in time developed into a sturdy representative of its kind. Quite recently crowds of people attending the Produced-in-Canada Exhibition in Montreal, viewed with interest a flawless cross-section from the trunk of this tree, having a diameter of 32 inches and with growth rings indicating its age. The block formed part of the woodwork display of the Rutherford Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

Sales of radio equipment in Germany are greater than last year.

**OFF COLOUR?
HOW IS YOUR LIVER?**

Wake up your Liver Bile
—Without Calomel
Your liver's a very small organ, but it really can't just put up with and eliminate organs out of kilter by refusing to perform its duty. You must completely correct such a condition by taking calomel, oil, mineral water, laxative candy or chewing gum, or purgative. When they're moved your bowels back to normal, you need a liver stimulant.
Carter's Little Liver Pills will soon bring back the sunshine into your liver. They're purely vegetable. Safe. Sure. Ask for them by name. No habituation. 25c at all drug stores.

W. N. U. 1937

**Prince Converted In Spanish
Explained, Treasures In Windsor
Castle To Argentine Official
Mission**

The Prince of Wales and Prince George acted as guides to members of the Argentine official mission during their visit to Windsor Castle. The party first inspected Eton College and then motored to the castle, where two hours were spent seeing St. George's Chapel, the State and private apartments, and the royal library. The Prince of Wales, who spoke in Spanish, explained in detail the treasures which he showed the visitors.

Making Name As Architect

Work Of British Premier's Son
Shows Great Originality
Allister MacDonald, son of the Prime Minister, is rapidly making a name for himself as an architect, and at least one distinctive picture house in the North bears witness to his originality. His latest work is a small London theatre which he has designed, a novel idea being that each row contains only six seats, which obviates that annoying crushing to allow late arrivals to reach their seats.



(By Ruth Rogers)



**SEVERAL ARE THE SCHEMES —
LOVELY FOR THIS CUTE
JACKET DRESS**

Here's a darling red and white crepe silk print with a plain red sleeveless jacket to complete it. The jacket has a capped shoulder now so voguish.

The dress is the simple slim-line type. Inverted plaits at the front, provide an interesting swing to the hem without disturbing the slender line of the skirt.

You can copy it exactly at just the cost of the material.

Style No. 631 is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches bust.

Size 18 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch for dress, with 3/4 yard 39-inch for jacket.

For cruise wear, it's effective with the sleeves omitted from the dress. Carry it out in white, pale blue or maize bubble crepe silk.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. _____ Size _____
Name _____
Town _____

PATENTS
A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and
Full Information Sent Free On Request.
The RAMSAY Co. Dept. 273 BANK ST.
167 OTTAWA, ONT.

**Alberta Government
Warns Frank Residents**

Recurrence Of 1903 Rock Slide May
Occur Any Time

Although they have been warned that Turtle Mountain is again in an ugly mood, villagers of Frank, Alberta, west of Lethbridge in the Crow's Nest Pass, are not moving. They are clinging to their cottages and belongings as they cannot believe the mountains that slid in 1903 will repeat the horror. Yet slowly the crevices grow wider and the danger to life and property increases.

Rock slides may occur at any time. They are likely in the spring and the Alberta government has sounded a warning.

The main Trans-Canada highway passes through the ruins of the slide of 1903, when upwards of 90 persons were buried alive. Millions of tons of rock and earth swept in an avalanche over the valley. To safeguard the road it is being urgently asked that the road be changed to a route beyond the danger line. Appeals are going forward to the government along these lines.

Old timers are now recalling the Frank slide horror of April 29, 1903. Early in the morning and without the slightest warning, Turtle Mountain, rising 3,000 feet above the mining village, was torn asunder and a hundred millions of tons of debris fell with a thundering roar over the settlement and across the valley. A thousand acres were covered with limestone rock to a varying depth of a foot to a 150 feet. Many miners' cottages were buried, others were destroyed. Much of the colliery works was swept away and a river was dammed while a mile and a quarter strip of the C.P.R. railway tracks was buried.

The tragedy would have been intensified had the slide occurred a few minutes earlier for the C.P.R. passenger train had just passed through the village when the slide occurred. Whole families were wiped out, others lost some of their members. For years this enormous tomb remained little disturbed. Rocks have been moved and in these excavations the remains of some of the victims have been discovered.

Gardens At Fort Resolution

Many Crops Successfully Cultivated
Far North Of Edmonton

Good gardens were again grown in 1932 at Resolution, on Great Slave Lake, 525 miles north of Edmonton, according to Dr. C. A. Bourget, M.D., the Indian agent at that point. In most of his own garden he could water with the help of an engine, and consequently had 135 bags of potatoes, against 180 the year previous. Unweeded gardens seem to have suffered, as they did at Hay River and Providence, farther west. Simpson, still farther west, had a bumper crop. Good onions and celery were among the doctor's 1932 achievements. He planted no tomatoes, but the corporal of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and another gardener had satisfactory results with them, and the Oblate mission had green ones by the tubful, ripening some indoors. At various points Dr. Bourget finds a few of his Indians planting potatoes and vegetables, and surprising results are obtained.

A jungle-born tiger or lion, if caught young, is easier to train than one bred in captivity.

Traffic policemen of Rome, Italy, received showers of gifts from motorists on recent gift days.

**WEAK WOMEN
Take Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound**

Have you ever felt that you were too weak to do anything... that you did not have the strength to do your work? Women who are weak and run-down should take a tonic such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a tonic of a tried, run-down condition often found in women.

90 out of every 100 women who report to us say that they are benefited by this medicine. Buy a bottle from your druggist today... and watch the results.

**SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON
APRIL 2
JESUS MINISTERING TO JEWS
AND GENTILES**

Golden Text: "Other sheep I have, which are not of this fold; them also I must bring, and they shall hear my voice; and they shall become one flock, one shepherd."—John 10:16.
Lesson: Mark 7:1-37.
Devotional Reading: Isaiah 11:1-10.

Explanations and Comments

Jesus Ministering To His "Other Sheep." verses 24-30.—From Capernaum Jesus went northward beyond the confines of Galilee into a region round about the Phoenician cities of Tyre and Sidon. He entered a house and wished no one to know of His presence, but He could not be hid. In these words we get a glimpse of what Jesus' ministry cost Him, of the price He was willing to pay for body and spirit. In silence and solitude He would repair His forces.

"The verdict of all the centuries is this, that there is that in Jesus which is irrepressible. I have seen a rock split in two by a seedling that rooted in the crannies. A seed had fallen, and the spring had quickened it, and it rose in the air, and it was it with Christ. He has been buried out of sight a thousand times, and a thousand times when hope was almost dead, the world has learned that He could not be hid. That is the message of the Resurrection, when Christ stepped forth again out of the darkness. That is the meaning of evil, when a spirit is uplifted and every eye beholds Him. That is the meaning of all social effort which is so earnest in our land today; for it is that which is doing in it, and He cannot be hid."—O. H. Morrison.

A Cure In The Decapolis. verses 31-37.—When Jesus left the neighborhood of Tyre He went northward to Sidon and returned home by a circuitous route. He had brought Him to the eastern shore of the Sea of Galilee in the Decapolis. There a man who was deaf and dumb could not speak plainly was brought to Him for cure. The Greek word translated "had an impediment in his speech" is sometimes considered an amusing dumb, but from the announcement of his cure in verse 35, that he "spoke plain," it does not seem to mean that here Jesus took the man aside, possibly out of thoughtful kindness because the man's affliction had made him nervous and self-conscious, or perhaps because Jesus wished to avoid the crowd of people that would follow Him through Him for cures, for He had other work to do. Here as in Mark 8:23, John 9:6, He used visible signs, but His fingers into the man's ears, spat and touched his tongue, then looking up to heaven in prayer He said to the man "Ephphatha." He opened. And the man could hear and speak plainly. Jesus would not have the miracle made known, but it was too wonderful to be kept hid. With great astonishment they cried: "He hath done all things well; He maketh even the deaf to hear, and the dumb to speak."

The man was living a life, meager, unsatisfying in a world of unbroken silence. In the face of such a lack it was directly in line with the main purpose of One who came to recover that which is lost that He should put His hands upon this lack of power saying, "Ephphatha." He opened. He would open up new avenues of approach to that handicapped life that through the uplifted gates of fuller message of this world of interest might enter into his personal consciousness. The Master is saying to every life that hears not the still small voice of the Spirit of the Living God, "Be opened." He would have it react under every sort of stimulus visible and invisible, tangible or spiritual. He would have the entire world of reality perpetually finding its way into the deeper consciousness of every man."—Charles R. Brown.

Authority On Weaving

**James Morton Is Remarkable Man In
British Industry**

James Morton, whose wonderful bookbinding cloths have recently taken publishers and authors by storm, is one of the most remarkable men in British industry. He is an eminent authority on drying and weaving, and 25 years ago began the manufacture of fadeless fabrics, called "Sundor," for curtains and other household purposes. Two years ago, at the suggestion of Bernard Shaw, he turned his attention to bookbinding materials, with amazing success. Born in 1867, he is a Fellow of the Royal Society and an L.D.S. In addition, he is covered with distinctions as a reward for chemical investigations. His new bookbinding cloths are fadeless, washable, and of beautiful colors.

Ninety-six clergymen in the Church of England received less than \$1,000 a year, 1,100 under \$1,500, and 2,233 less than \$1,750.

STOP Coughs & Colds
before serious trouble develops. Use
SPOHN'S
Olive Quilt Lotion. Used 40 years.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind.

Deficit In Postal Receipts

Two Cent Rate Brings In More
Revenue Than Four

Both in principle and from the teachings of past experience, public men know well that after a certain point has been reached, the revenue derived from any given tax tends to fall off as the rate is pushed upward. Yet strangely enough, when revenue becomes inadequate to meet the needs of the time, they are apt to forget this fact in the temptation of squeezing a greater return out of a particular assessment.

One of the first Departments of Government to find out that, conversely, to reduce the rate would increase revenue, was the Post Office. In the days of the stage coach postal charges were so high that letter-writing was almost a luxury for the well-to-do. A single sheet of paper would be crossed with writing in order to reduce the weight upon which postage must be paid.

But because postage was expensive, the revenue to the Government from that source was relatively small. Then Roland Hill, in England, conceived the daring idea of a postage stamp. In time practice, mail letter-writing popular, and the revenue went up by leaps and bounds.

For many years, a penny or two cents was the standard postal rate in most countries but of late years the need for revenue has led to a three-cent rate. The Canadian Government among the number.

In the United States a year's trial has proved conclusively that the three-cent stamp is a dismal failure as a revenue raiser; in fact, it is a source of continuance of the rate during 1933 will cost the American Post Office Department \$100,000,000. So first class mail in the United States will be going under a two-cent stamp by July 1, and it is also planned to return to the old one-cent rate for local or drop letters, within a year or two.

Our Canadian experience has been much the same. In 1928-29, expenditures on ordinary account for the Post Office amounted to \$33,485,000 and revenue to \$40,611,984, yielding a surplus of \$7,126,984. Since then the Department has been losing money steadily and the last completed figures show a deficit of over \$6,000,000, with receipts still dropping.

It will pay Ottawa to revert to the penny post!—Quebec Chronicle-Telegraph.

Hope For The Future

**New Rifle Operates Without Noise,
Fumes, Or Ammunition**

A scientific exhibit to be seen at the British Industries Fair suggests a hope for the future. According to the description, it "enables the owner to have rifle practice without noise, fumes or ammunition. By a system of lenses and mechanism within a gun a luminous target is first projected on a blank wall or a specially prepared target board. When aim is taken and the trigger pressed a black spot appears upon the target at the point at which the gun was fired." Is there no means of reducing warfare to a similar set of hypotheses and conditionals?—London Observer.

The North Star is little more than a degree from the true north pole and is a much surer guide than the compass needle.

Stop Food Wastage
HEAVY
PARA-SANI WAXED PAPER
Get the Green Box! Keep it in your kitchen always. Inexpensive.
Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMILTON, ONTARIO

MANY SIGNS OF WORLD RECOVERY ARE IN EVIDENCE

London, Eng.—In an optimistic speech in the House of Commons, Neville Chamberlain said he could not see why the world economic conference would not be held within the next two or three months.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer has been charged with being too pessimistic in recent months, but this speech found him in a different mood. "Looking over the world," he declared, "one can see indications the industrial situation is likely to improve within the next few months." Mr. Chamberlain also found comforting portents in the United States and in Europe. "Confidence has largely been restored in the United States and on the European continent and, where the situation a few months ago was considered desperate, any one can see there have been remarkable beneficial changes."

Mr. Chamberlain looked to the restoration of exports as the best aid to recovery in the United Kingdom. Trade had been hampered by excessive tariffs, exchange regulations and prohibitive quotas, he asserted.

Although there had been stagnation in some sections of British trade, there had also been considerable activity in others. For instance the first two months of this year had seen automobile exports equal both in number and value the exports of three months of last year.

One brief, but vital reference was made by Mr. Chamberlain to the domestic employment situation. "The policy of aiding unemployment by instituting relief works," he said, "has been tried, but it failed. We don't intend to resume it."

Treatment Of German Jews

Canadian Delegation Asks Premier Bennett To Investigate Trouble

Ottawa, Ont.—Jewish members of the House of Commons, consisting of S. W. Jacobs, A. A. Heaps and Samuel Factor, waited on the Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister and Minister for External Affairs, asking, on behalf of Canadian Jews, that steps be taken to ascertain the nature of the mistreatment alleged to have been suffered by German Jews since the Hitlerite government came into power.

The Prime Minister received the delegation sympathetically and undertook to communicate with Dr. Oscar Skelton, under-secretary of state for external affairs, who is in London, asking for a complete report on the situation.

The delegation took the view that Canada, being a member of the League of Nations, of which Germany is also a member, and that as racial and religious rights are safeguarded by the league, appropriate action could be taken by that body to preserve Jewish rights, which, it is claimed, are being attacked by the Hitlerite forces.

Large Conversion Loan

Opportunity May Be Presented To Canadian Bondholders In The Fall

Ottawa, Ont.—A large conversion loan is expected to be laid before Canadian bondholders early in the fall but it is unlikely any issue will be offered before that time, it is learned here. In his budget speech, Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance, forecast a conversion loan "at the opportune time."

The heaviest obligations of the government mature as a rule late in the fall and this year it is understood the funding requirements will be in excess of \$300,000,000.

Air Station To Be Dismantled

London, Eng.—Howden airship station, in the Yorkshire East Riding, home of the R-100, and during the war, of other airships, is to be pulled down. Howden airship shed cost £250,000, and was completed in 1921. The entire buildings cost £750,000.

W. N. U. 1987

Peace Club Organization

Premier Of France May Meet Mussolini To Further Plans
Paris, France.—A trip by Premier Edouard Daladier to Italy for a direct discussion with Premier Mussolini may be the next move in efforts to organize a four-power "peace club," it developed here.

The meeting apparently depends on the reaction of Premier Mussolini to the conversations in Paris held by M. Daladier and Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, of Great Britain. The British and foreign statesmen discussed the Mussolini "peace club" project, which the Italian premier had explained to Mr. MacDonald when the British Prime Minister was in Rome.

Semi-officially it was revealed no plans have been made for the Daladier-Mussolini meeting, which probably would take place in northern Italy. For a number of years the Italian premier has made it a rule not to leave his own country.

In principle the French have agreed to the Mussolini plan, but certain details have been asked. The French want the "peace club" to operate within the framework of the League of Nations because they believe they would be able to muster sufficient influence in the league to halt or counteract a possible Italo-German bloc against them.

Wheat Conference

Plans Have Not Yet Been Advanced For U.S. Participation

Washington.—Plans have not yet been advanced for United States participation in a conference of wheat exporting countries, including Canada, seeking grain price stabilization, but this part of President Roosevelt's program of economic rehabilitation by international action was believed to be awaiting congressional consideration of the administration's farm relief formula.

A significant note in the new American government's plan to restore trade normality through reciprocal agreements with customer nations was Secretary of State Hull's announcement that just as soon as congress has completed work on emergency domestic relief legislation, the president will request blanket authority to negotiate understandings involving exchanges of tariff privileges, lowering of embargo restrictions and removal of other barriers to reciprocal commerce.

Meanwhile, the wheat conference was awaited as a remedy to the existing acute world condition in which exporting countries hold vast surpluses while countries normally considered as wheat importers do not buy.

Home Rule For Canada

Premier Brownlee Of Alberta Would Give Canada Right To Amend Constitution

Edmonton, Alberta.—Full right for Canada to amend her own constitution, giving home rule in every sense of the term, is proposed in an amendment which Premier Brownlee moved to a resolution under debate in the legislature here.

The amendment was to a resolution moved by Col. F. C. Jamieson, Conservative, Edmonton, who proposed that the provincial government endeavor to make an agreement with the Dominion that no request for an amendment to the B.N.A. would be made without the consent of this assembly.

A Narrow Escape

Little Girl Ran Over By Train, But Is Uninjured

Didsbury, Alberta.—Two-year-old Clara Klein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Klein of Didsbury, was run over by a train, but is alive and uninjured although badly frightened.

The child was walking on the railway tracks when a train approached. Terrified, she started to run but stumbled and fell.

The engine, however, passed over the little girl.

Members of the train crew tumbled hastily from the cars and found Clara beneath the coal-tender. The child was slightly hysterical but had escaped without a bruise.

SITS WITH LEAGUE



A recent photograph of Hugh R. Wilson, United States Minister to Switzerland, who has been named as the United States representative who will sit in at the League of Nations deliberations on the Far Eastern trouble. Although the United States will not vote, nor will it bow in advance to League decisions, it will co-operate with other nations in endeavoring to find a solution to the Sino-Japanese tangle.

Frowns On Lotteries

Premier Bennett Says Winnings Should Be Forfeited To Crown

Ottawa, Ont.—Expressing the opinion that the winnings of all lotteries should be forfeited to the crown, Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, in the House, voiced his "strongest opposition" to anything that would stimulate speculation among the Canadian people. Mr. Bennett was winding up a brief discussion on the bill amending the criminal code respecting lotteries, sponsored by P. F. Casgrain (Lib., Charlevoix-Saguenay). The bill was talked out.

Canadian Banks Sound

Chartered Bank Comes Through Run Without Assistance

Ottawa, Ont.—One of the chartered banks of Canada came through a "run" in which \$10,000,000 in deposits were withdrawn, without the aid of assistance from other banks or from the Dominion government, Premier R. B. Bennett told the House of Commons.

The Premier mentioned this as an instance of the soundness of Canadian banks when his government was charged with unfairness in not coming to the aid of the Manitoba savings office last year.

Canadian Rifle Team

Congratulated By Governor-General On Their Performance

Ottawa, Ont.—The performance of the Canadian rifle team at Bisley last year placed Canada in "a very proud position," His Excellency the Earl of Beesborough, Governor-General, said in congratulating the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association on a successful year. His Excellency attended the annual meeting of the organization held here.

Indications the rifeman was coming back to his old position of importance in the army were seen by Major-General A. G. L. McNaughton, chief of the general staff, who also addressed the meeting.

Major C. R. Crowe, of Guelph, was elected president, succeeding Col. D. R. Street, of Ottawa.

Wins Air Trophy

Edmonton Flyer Awarded Recognition For Meritorious Service

Ottawa, Ont.—Maurice Burbridge, instructor of the Edmonton Flying Club, has been awarded the trans-Canada trophy for meritorious services to aviation during 1932, according to an announcement issued recently from the headquarters of the National Defence Department. Mr. Burbridge is the sixth winner of the trophy, annual award of which began in 1927.

Mr. Burbridge joined the Royal Flying corps in 1916. He was appointed instructor to the Edmonton Flying Club in 1929, and to his energy and leadership has been attributed the outstanding record of that organization.

Expect Price Increase

Jam and Marmalade To Cost More, Is Prediction

Hamilton, Ont.—An increase in the cost of jams and marmalades is foreseen by Col. Arnauld Smith, of E. D. Smith and Co., Winona, as a result of the sugar and sales tax on jam. Fifty per cent. of the content of jam is sugar, he said.

Wine will be increased five cents per bottle, said William Alken, proprietor grape grower and wine man of Vineland, unless—and he thought this unlikely—the liquor control board absorbs the additional costs caused by the sugar excise tax and that on proof spirits.

Follow Canadian Plan

Washington.—Proposals for re-financing United States agriculture and home mortgages along the same general lines as the Canadian system will be sent to congress soon by President Roosevelt.

GOVERNMENT TO STUDY PLANS FOR IDLE INSURANCE

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons took the first step to extend for another year the government's unemployment relief legislation and clothe the administration with wide powers to deal with the "peace, order and good government" of the country. Without recorded division, a resolution was passed instructing the government to bring in the relief legislation, climaxing a week or more of debate.

The government is gathering data on a contributory unemployment insurance scheme, but every turn collides with the constitutional rights of the provinces. Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, told the House. It will be necessary for the provinces to surrender some legal rights before a nation-wide scheme is possible, added Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice.

At the recent Dominion-provincial conference, continued Mr. Guthrie, the provinces declined to surrender their legal powers over insurance and were opposed to an amendment to the British North America Act to enable the Dominion to act alone.

Before any federal scheme could be established, the Dominion must have power to compel employers and employers to contribute to the central fund—a power now vested in the provinces.

The Dominion placed no detailed insurance scheme before the provinces at the conference, the labor minister said, discussion ranging around the constitutional issues at stake. Until that barrier was removed, details were impossible.

Continue Relief Plan

Minister Of Labor Replies To Question Of Opposition Leader

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion Government will continue to do in the future what it has done in the past year with regard to unemployment relief, Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, told the House of Commons. The minister was replying to a question in which Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King, leader of the opposition, asked whether "apart from the dole, the minister had any comprehensive, co-ordinated plan to announce to the House dealing with unemployment relief."

The government's policy was that moneys would be devoted first to assisting the provinces where they were unable to take care of their own people, said the minister. The government would help the provinces to project any schemes which they may, conceive or which the Dominion may conceive within the financial limitations of the governments to provide employment or take care of direct relief.

Mr. Gordon believed the situation was not getting worse. He knew there were people who would be gratified to see things on the downgrade and thus fulfill their own prophecy. However, the Dominion government would not invade the jurisdiction of the provinces.

Starting Bank Probe

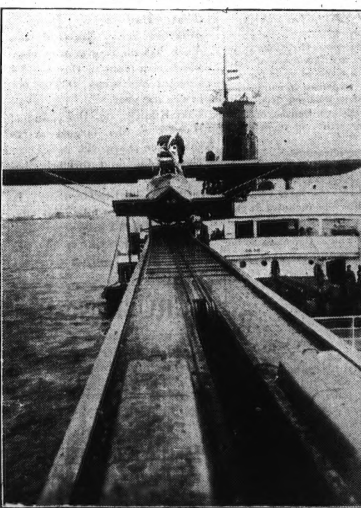
Ottawa, Ont.—The government will set to work at once to set up the royal commission to investigate the Canadian banking system and consider the pros and cons of arguments in favor of a central banking system. The commission was confirmed in the budget speech of Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance, in the House of Commons.

Alberta Redistributors

Edmonton, Alberta.—Alberta government will inquire into redistribution of provincial ridings if the legislature adopts a resolution introduced by Hon. O. L. McPherson, Minister of Public Works. Quite a reduction in the number of legislature members would result, it was stated, if such an inquiry was held.

An electro-magnetic balance has been designed that will detect metals under-ground to a depth of 15 feet or more, a heretofore unheard-of range.

THE SOUTH ATLANTIC'S FIRST FLOATING AERODROME



The Norddeutsche Lloyd liner "Westfalen," of 5,000 tons, has been converted into a floating aerodrome and is to be placed in the South Atlantic Ocean for the use of pilots on the way to and from South America, from Africa. Our picture shows the catapult on board the "Westfalen" for starting flying boats.

"THE ROYAL SCOT."

A Genuine, Full-sized British Railroad Train to Make a Tour, This Summer, of Canada and the United States.

A dispatch from Montreal says the Royal Scot, outstanding British railroad passenger train, and the pride of the London, Midland & Scottish R.R., will form one of the interesting exhibits at Chicago's Century of Progress World Fair, when that great exhibition opens on June 1st next.

With characteristic British enterprise, officials of the London, Midland & Scottish R.R. have arranged to ship a Royal Scot complete, and the train will be unloaded from one of the Canadian Pacific Line freighters in Montreal about May 1.

The engine and 8 cars comprising the train will be on view in Montreal prior to commencing a Canadian tour under her own power. This tour will provide Canadians with an opportunity to visit and inspect the train, and to see at first hand the last word in British engine and coach construction. On her way to Chicago the Royal Scot will travel over Canadian Pacific lines, and will return via C.N.R.

While the primary reason for the visit is to take part in Chicago's World's Fair arrangements have been made in full cooperation with the principal railway systems of Canada and the United States for the train to make extensive tours of the North America continent both before and after the exhibition. At each of the cities and towns visited, the Royal Scot will be thrown open to public view and special invitations to inspect her will be extended to City dignitaries and prominent citizens.

This will be the first occasion on which a complete British train has visited America. Just 40 years ago, in 1893, the London and North Western Railway, now a constituent part of the L.M.S. Railway, sent an engine named "Queen Empress" and two coaches to the World's Columbia Exposition held in Chicago that year. The Royal Scot follows up that visit as a resplendent ambassador of British Railways of 1933.

The Royal Scot while affording visual evidence of the striking progress and development made in 40 years of British train construction, has a history that goes much farther back than that. In 1848 the first train for Scotland left Euston Station at 10 a.m. by the famous West Coast route. On June 1st, 1862, the departure time of 10 a.m. for the morning express from Euston to Glasgow and Edinburgh was standardized, and since then the "Ten O'Clock", later known as the Royal Scot, has left Euston at that hour without a break. In nearly 71 years of unbroken service:

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.,
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL. B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Successor to the late F. W. Lundy,
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Cor. 95 St. & 118 Av., Edmonton
PHONE 73174.
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

For Sale, A Purebred Holstein
Bull, 6 months old; his ancestors
came from Strathmore Farm.
H. Gieshels, Stony Plain

the northbound and southbound Royal Scot expresses have covered between them 17,000,000 miles.

The engine selected for the tour of this continent is no. 6100 "Royal Scot" precursor of a class of 70 engines of the same type, and representing the most powerful type of passenger express engine working on the L.M.S. system. Named in many cases after famous British fighting regiments, these engines have, since their introduction in 1927, had charge of the most important Anglo-Scottish express services as well as the very tightly scheduled expresses on inter-city runs and on boat trains.

Royal Scot engines hold more than one speed and endurance record. In April, 1928, Engine No. 6113 "Cameronian", set up a world's record run by making the journey of over 401 miles between Euston and Glasgow without a stop of any kind. This type of engine also hauled two expresses, the 9.45 a.m. "Mancunian" from Manchester to Euston, and the 5.25 p.m. express Liverpool to Euston, that each claim daily honours for faster runs of over 150 miles duration than other European expresses.

The vehicles composing the train itself will be representative of the standard of British workmanship famous the world over. There will be eight vehicles in all, namely a Third Class corridor brake, third class vestibule coach, Electric kitchen car, First class corridor vestibule coach, Lounge car. Third class sleeping car, First class sleeping car, first class corridor brake.

The coaches will in every way be the standard equipment L.M.S. Anglo-Scottish services.

For Sale - 2 Registered Short-horn Bulls—one 18 months, and one 14 months; cheap for cash, or trade for steers or milk cows. Also 2 registered Yorkshire boars ready for service. J. H. McLaughlin, Spruce Grove.

Wanted, Legs of Pork. Royal Cafe.

CHILD PROTECTION.

For \$1.00 per year the General Accident Assurance Company of Canada will insure a school child for any out of pocket expenses in connection with an accident whether it be Hospital, Nurse, X-Ray, Dentist or Doctor's Bills we will pay them up to \$100.00.

Here is the application—
I hereby make application to THE GENERAL ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA for the undernamed to be included in the School Group Policy, the inclusion to be based upon the following statement of facts which I declare to be true and correct:—

FULL NAME.....
AGE.....
ADDRESS.....
PROV.....

I declare that he (or she) is in good health and free from all physical defect or deformity, his (or her) hearing and vision are not impaired and he (or she) is not lame, maimed or deformed, except as follows:—

DATED.....
SIGNATURE.....
Father, Mother or Guardian

POLICY NO.....
Sign and deliver or mail this application today to

GEO. J. BRYAN, AGENT,
Stony Plain, Alberta.

Stony Plain Sun.

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain.

Thursday, March 30, 1933.

Advertising Rates:
Display, 40 cents per column inch;
plate, 25c per column inch.
Readers in Local, 15c line.
Legal and Municipal Notices, etc.,
15c line first insertion; 10c line each subsequent insertion.

Holborn Juniors.

On Sat. the 25th Holborn Juniors held their educational meeting; very little business was done. After this we had the usual reading of the J.R. Press.

A cream pool meeting was held after Juniors adjourned. Mr C Scott was given the job of truckman; and will start on the route as soon as the roads permit.

After the business was over the Mock Parliament opened. The Lt. Gov. Sir H. Audrey was ushered in as ceremoniously as Mr Walsh himself; H. Washburn was elected as Speaker of the House, followed by the speech from the throne. In it the Gov't promised new roads, public works, and relief for the unemployed; a compulsory Pool was also suggested. The Opposition, led by K. McKinnon, opposed the new Administration bitterly. In the rebuttal, however, the leader was downed. The Conservatives say they have a plan by which they can put the unemployed to work. After this, the House adjourned till Sat. April 1.

The last and best game of the season was played March 26—Holborn v Hansen hockeyists. Holborn boys were constantly at the Hansen's goal but were unable to shoot thru the human wall—which was the only way the Hansenites were able to save the day. Score: Holborn 5, Hansen 3. Holborn scorers—C Anderson 2, M. Larson 2, A. Henneke 1.

The boys were exceptionally good—no quarrels and no fights occurred.

Would You Like to Know—

(by Val M. Kotcherofski.)

That Haverstraw (formerly Warren) in the State of New York, has the largest brick manufacturing plant in the world—turning out some 900,000,000 bricks per year.

That Kilauea, on the island of Hawaii, is the largest active volcano in the world.

That Heligoland formerly belonged to Great Britain, but in 1890 was ceded to Germany. It is a tiny island, a mile and one-third long and 1 mile wide. The German Navy took refuge behind this island during the world war.

CRUSHING!

Tony Rosenberger is now doing Crushing at 7c per sack, a good job, at his mill on Meridian Rd., near C. N. Station.

ANOTHER CONSIGNMENT OF

BRIAR PIPES

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

ROYAL CAFE,

TO BE SOLD AT

25 CENTS.

THE New 1933 Chevrolet

THE OUTSTANDING CAR IN THE LOW-PRICED FIELD.

A MARVEL OF BEAUTY!

SEE THEM NOW AT THE SHOWROOM OF

Sommerfield & Mayer,
SERVICE GARAGE,
STONY PLAIN, Alberta.

M. MECKLENBURG, Optical Specialist

Edmonton Office, 400a Tegner Bldg.

The Best Fitting Glasses. The Latest Styles in

Frames. Glass Eyes.

— MODERATE CHARGES. —

DRESSMAKER. J. BITTNER.

NOW ON THE SOUTH ROAD,
Between Peters' and Kuley's.

The WORLD'S GRAIN EXHIBITION and CONFERENCE

Regina

July 24 to August 5, 1933

Chairman
National Committee
HON. ROBERT WEIR
Minister of Agriculture
for Canada

Chairman
Executive and Finance Committee,
HON. W. O. BUCKLE
Minister of Agriculture
for Saskatchewan

WHEN YOU REQUIRE, PRINTING
GET IT AT
THE STONY PLAIN SUN PRINTER.

+++ Posters, Letter Heads,
Dodgers, Circulars, Envelopes,
Menus, Invitations, Show Cards,
Labels, Invoices, Loose-Leaves,
Hangers, Statements, Shipping Tags,
Tickets, Bill Heads, Business Cards,
Badges, Prize Lists, Try Us.



T. J. Hardwick Agent, Stony Plain

For PIES PASTRIES and MILK PUDDINGS



At any good cook to tell you the secret of her success and deliciousness she will say that to get a uniform, rich, improved flavor to your cooking you should always use St. Charles Evaporated Milk. It is economical, handy and makes possible a great variety of new and tasty dishes that you and your family will delight in.



ST. CHARLES MILK
UNWEETENED EVAPORATED

HEART OF THE NORTH

WILLIAM
BYRON
MOWERY

(WFO Series)
Copyright by William Byron Mowery

boot. You say, 'Head south.' Yeah—and run into the heat of police posts down there around Athabasca. We can't go south nor west nor north, but we kin go east—

Lannon Dick spoke up: "Clear hover t' 'Udson Bay er Manitoba? Two thousand miles away? That's a bloody long 'ard trot. Slob-Hie."

Jensen turned on him with a fierce anger and withering sarcasm that silenced Lannon for an hour.

"Sure it's a—yah long hard trot, you runty blige rat! Don't I know it? But K'd rather tramp ten thousand



The Others All Nodded Emphatically

miles than that twenty slow short steps from a house to a school!"

The others all nodded emphatically, fearful of Jensen's scorching anger. They were sitting there on a hundred and fifty thousand dollars which he had got for them. They owed their very lives to his quick thinking about the steamer when he had pulled their trick out of the fire. And they were leaning on him now to save them from the Mounted and get them out to the oblivion of a big city.

He went on explaining the escape. "Now, here, all of you—look! here." He smoothed a place on the mud floor; and as the others leaned forward to watch, he drew a rude map with his long thumb nail. "We'll follow the Inconnu east a ways and then head gup for Manitobay. We'll spend the rest of this summer and fall working down into timber country. There we'll find some good hiding place and build a couple of shacks and lay in meat, and we'll wait there till the break-up. Next spring we'll east on down and out to Winnipeg, and there we'll be with better'n a hundred and fifty thousand in hides and skins."

His own personal and private plans after that got out to Winnipeg, Jensen did not see fit to disclose. He knew a party there in the Queen City of the Wheat Plains who would buy the furs at two-thirds of their auction value and say "nudding." The best, being unimportant, could be sold anywhere. He himself, both business manager and leader of this cruise, would naturally attend to these business matters. Once with the money in his pocket, would he split six ways with these lubbers? Or would he take a train and fade out of their lives and have that hundred and fifty thousand for his own sweet own? You bet your life he would!

With his plans clear and the men completely under his sway, Jensen leaned back against a packet of furs and sat, smoking, thinking.

He guessed that for once the police were altogether baffled. They must be pounding their heads to explain who he and his men were, where they had come from, how they had got into this country, unknown, unseen; and how they, complete strangers, knew the in and outs of this northern wilderness as well as the police themselves. He thought of them as a pack of hounds circling frantically to pick up a scent. It was pleasing to know he had out-manoeuvred them from start to finish. A man who could beat the yellow-stripes would have no trouble at all dodging the provincial police and town cops.

But this reflection was only on the surface of his thoughts. He was thinking of the MacMillan trading post, 'Breed Andre had said that Dave MacMillan was not there. Jensen shrewdly guessed where the trader was. From the MacMillan girl he had been at the post, except for that white-whiskered old coot, Jensen

FREE TRIAL OFFER OF KRUSCHEN

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at our expense. We have distributed a great many special "GIANT" packages which make it easy for you to prove our claims for yourself. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c. package. This consists of our regular 75c. bottle together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about two weeks. Open the trial bottle first, put it to the test, and then, if not entirely convinced that Kruschen does everything we claim it to do, the regular bottle is still as good as new. Take it back. Your druggist is authorized to return your 75c. immediately and without question. You have tried Kruschen free, at our expense. What could be fairer? Manufactured by Griffiths Brothers, Ltd., Manchester, Eng. (Established 1750). Importers: McMillan Bros., Ltd., Toronto.

guessed Dave MacMillan had got into trouble over that pack of otter furs in the storage shed.

Through the tobacco haze Jensen looked back across six years and saw again all the details of a certain incident between himself and Joyce MacMillan. He had re-lived that incident a thousand times since it happened. The memory of it, the memory of that laughing-eyed girl, had come down across the years like the scent of fresh violets. Two weeks ago when his party passed the MacMillan trading post, the place had seemed deserted; and drawn by some overpowering impulse to see her, he had sneaked back, he had flung caution and hot haste to the winds, and stopped, and gone ashore. The picture of that MacMillan girl asleep, an arm under her head, a great-spurred violet in her hair—that flesh-and-blood reincarnation of her former memory had been a madness in his blood ever since. It had overshadowed his waking thoughts, had flitted across his dreams, had been present with him even during the hot battle with the three Mounties at the edge of Many Waters.

The news which 'Breed Andre had brought back—that Joyce was practically alone at the trading post, scarcely two days travel away, that the trading dwindled and few Indians or metis came now, that the officer commanding at Fort Endurance was giving her no protection whatsoever—this news to Jensen was like a match to a barrel of powder.

His deliberate brain saw danger in his scheme; but he had risked death for the furs and gold, and that hundred and fifty thousand was far less vivid, less tangible, less impassioned to him than the memory of that moment when he stood looking through Joyce's window. He had spent a year on a whaler without getting back to port; a year of exile in Alaskan mountains, among prospectors. . . . There hungers more powerful than the hunger of food or gold. . . . It would be his doorway to ease, he imagined to knock the old coot on the head and take the defenseless girl. They would land above the station and creep up it through the bush. Two of his men would go in peacefully, as though to trade, and then their chance to seize her. His party could swoop, strike, and have the whole thing over in ten minutes. Knocking the ashes from his pipe, he leaned forward:

"Men, I got an idea. I just showed you lubbers our one chance to 'scape. Now I'm gonna show you how we can make our getaway dead sure and certain. How we can tie them Yellow-stripes up in a sack and throw away the key. Anybody objecting? Anybody wanting to kick over the traces.

Glaring around him, he saw emphatic denial. The men were hanging upon his words; he knew they would obey him without a whimper of protest.

He went on, "We're going to make a little satchy down the Alooska to MacMillan's trading post. We're going to it tomorrow. . . . We'll rap that old duffer on the head and take the girl. We'll throw them Yellow-stripes clear off the scent. While they're hunting for her, we'll be making tracks southeast to Manitobay. You mind how we saved our skins on the steamer by taking that other skirt? We'll do it again; but this time, every one's on along with us. No one'll ever know what happened to her. . . ."

For a few days after Alan Baker bought out of the service and left Fort Endurance, Inspector Haskell enjoyed more peace and security than he had felt in many months. But after the first satisfaction wore away, it gradually occurred to Haskell that

maybe he ought to make some move to capture those six bandits. To let them escape without raising a hand against them would look bad, very bad, to Superintendent Williamson on his coming visit to the post.

Thinking over his situation, he remembered how Baker had demanded to lead a patrol to the Inconnu River and lie in wait there. Baker had said they would try to escape by that route. He knew what he was talking about. Haskell realized he knew.

Should he send a detail to the Inconnu?

The more Haskell pondered the idea, the more it appealed to him. It was reasonably sure to succeed. It would be the positive action he needed. On his wall map he hunted for the Inconnu. He found a small channel of the Mackenzie by that name, but Baker's Inconnu was some large river. Perhaps the chart listed it as "The Unknown," the English translation of the name. He searched for an Inconnu and an Unknown, but found neither. Such a stream simply was not shown on his map.

When Little Otter came in to the post for a supply of chewing stemmo, Haskell pumped him. The sub-chief had only the haziest idea where the Inconnu was, but Indian-like he would not admit his ignorance. He started talking, gesticulating—till Haskell caught him in a self-contradiction and kicked him out of the cabin in angry disgust.

(To Be Continued.)

Produced Quier Fruit

Half Lemon Half Orange. Evidently Evolved From Grafting

A very unusual freak, half lemon and half orange, was received in a shipment of California fruit opened at the Gaston Holmes store, in Simcoe, Ontario. The "lemon-orange" has the appearance of having been grafted by some experimenting joker after the fruit had commenced to form. Divided longitudinally into two hemispheres, the orange half is 100 per cent orange with bright orange-colored skin, while the lemon half is just as much of a lemon with typical light yellow skin. There are the usual differences in the textures of the two, but the two halves are solidly grown together, a narrow ridge running around the fruit where the two halves are joined. The fruit grew on one stem.

Synthetic Meat Produced

A chemical process just discovered in London is claimed to produce a synthetic "meat." Although only tiny portions have been made so far, they continue to grow in size even after slices have been cut off. It is stated that any type of meat—beef, mutton, pork, or chicken—can be produced.

SORE THROAT

... Here's
comforting relief
without "dosing."

**Just rub on
VICKS
VAPORINE**

Little Helps For This Week

"Forgetting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before, I press toward the mark."—Philippines 3:13, 14.

Yet I argue not
Against Heaven's hand or will, nor
Or heart or hope; but still bear up
Right onward
—John Milton.

It is not by regretting what is irreplaceable that true work is to be done, but by making the best of what we have. It is not by complaining that we have not the right tools, but by using well the tools we have. Who are and where we are is God's providential arrangement—God's doing though it may be man's misdoing; and the many and wise way is to look your disadvantages in the face and see what can be made out of them. He is the best general who wins the most splendid victories by the retrieval of mistakes.—F. W. Robertson.

A Vanished Race

No Living Eskimos in Northeast Greenland Since 1823

A vanished race has left traces of an active life on the shores of Northeast Greenland. No trace of living Eskimos in that district has been known since 1823. It is thought that some sudden tragedy must have overcome the Eskimos, because in several huts were found a number of skeletons. In one place, explorers of the Royal Geographical Society found a number of implements among the ruins, many of which were well preserved and of archaeological value. To judge from the implements, the coast seems to have been inhabited about 1400-1500.

FOR ANY PAIN

Have you ever found any quicker relief than this?



Anyone can take Aspirin, for doctors have declared these tablets perfectly safe.

And there is no quicker form of relief for any pain.

It is well to remember these things when anyone tries to persuade you to try anything in place of these tablets.

Aspirin may be taken as often as there is any need of its comfort: to stop a headache, throw off a cold, drive away the pains from neuralgia, neur-

tis, rheumatism, lumbago, etc.

Whenever you take Aspirin you know you are going to get immediate results—and you know there will be no ill effects. You know what you are taking.

Why take chances on some form of relief which may not be as swift—may not be as safe? The new reduced price on bottles of 100 tablets has removed the last reason for ever experimenting with any substitute for Aspirin.

Aspirin is a trade-mark registered in Canada

Campbell's Cooking Oats

Improves flavour of meats, fish and vegetables. Pays for itself many times over. All dealers, or write—

Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS
HAMILTON, ONTARIO

News of Rosenthal.

The R.A.C. whist and hulle drive on the 17th was a great success. After lunch had been served and tables moved out, dancing was indulged in. The whist winners: Men's 1st, Joe Hoffman; 2d, Sam Goebel; women's 1st Mrs. Ed Hoffman; 2d Miss Betty Kulak. For Hulle—Men's 1st J. J. Kulak; 2d H. Kotcherofski and P. Baron tied. Women, 1st Lily Kulak; 2d Mrs. Wm. Kulak.

One of our Rosenthal farmers received the shock of his life the other night. He was suddenly interrupted in the middle of a fine hunting story by the unearthly howl of his three dogs outside.

One listener jumped excitedly from his chair, exclaiming: "Gott in himmell! some thing has for sure go happen-ed. Why, Mebbe Bennet has died," but he walked quickly to the door and yanking it open, peered into the darkness. And there, sitting upon their haunches with muscles tense and ears pricked sharply, were his faithful canines.

"Here, here! what the—" but

Truckdriver Fined.

On a charge of carrying passengers to Carvel in his truck, and not having a licence so to do, Jack Pawluk was fined \$10 and costs, with the option of 20 days in jail, at the Edmonton police court on Friday last.

Our farmer froze in the middle of his sentence, as he heard a weird, unearthly yell.

Dashing quickly into the house the farmer procured a shotgun and started after the animal with the yell, expecting to bag a panther, a laughing hyena or mountain lion.

Presently our hunter found himself in a neighbor's yard, but had not as yet come up to his quarry. Suddenly, before him, behind him, on all sides, came that long drawn-out moaning howl.

This was too much for our farmer—flinging his gun away in sudden flight, which went off as it hit the ground: but the explosion only tended to hasten the speed of the fleeing hunter toward the house. He dashed pell-mell into the kitchen, but his fear was short-lived, for there was his nephew, Jack K. Jr., with music sheet before him, trying very hard to play the clarinet lesson.

Brightbank Items.

Mr. Alex Bourne of Fern Creek, Alta. was visiting relatives in this district.

The box social and dance was well patronized from this district. One man reports getting the best box in the bunch. There was nothing lacking in line of eats excepting a good dish of Krant.

Miss Tina McKay is recovering from her recent illness.

The game of hockey between Brightbank and Holborn resulted in a tie. A peculiar thing happened. While the game was in progress, two roosters, a red one and a black one, came on the and got to fighting, and the referee had to get them off so the game could proceed.

Mr. O. Dickie returned home after spending the winter in the Animals Branch of the University of Alberta.

All the taxpayers are in favour of and urging the councillors to move the Municipal office near the centre of the Municipal District. Many favour an island in Jack Fish Lake as the most suitable place.

A farmer in the Hansens Corner district who spent considerable time among the Ukrainians thru the past winter and learned the best methods of cultivating garlic, also to eat it, intends to grow quite an acreage this coming season for an eastern buyer.

Pete's Narrow Escape.

Mr. Pete Baron had a close fight with death on Monday morning, March 20, in which Pete finally emerged victor. Pete had just come home from a Sunday visit with a neighbor, and after putting the team in the barn, decided to have a look at the traps at a nearby lake. Pete was dressed in his best clothes and wearing a heavy mackinaw; he carried a lantern, to light his way. Pete was coming to his best trap when suddenly and without warning the ice gave way beneath his feet, and he took a complete dip in the icy waters at 1 a.m.

Pete cannot swim a stroke. As the water there is about 8 ft. deep, he was faced with a real problem. On attempting to get back on the ice, the edges broke. Pete, thereupon was compelled to do some fast thinking which undoubtedly saved his life. Pete turned in the opposite direction and was rewarded by scrambling onto ice that bore him. Pete was and was rewarded by scrambling onto ice that bore him. Pete was and was rewarded by scrambling onto ice that bore him.

It took 2 feather beds to warm Pete. An investigation was made the next morning, which showed that if Pete had kept on in the last direction he would have drowned, as the ice was not very thick for a distance of 20 ft. Pete's lantern was salvaged. Evidently the rats had a grudge against Pete, which must have proved successful, as Pete says "Boys, I'm out of the trapping business for life."

Car Licenses to Be Reduced.

The announcement has been made of a reduction of motor car licenses on a flat \$5 basis, which will come into effect Monday, April 3d. The Government expects the loss in revenue to be offset by the increase in the tax on gasoline from 5c to 6c per gallon.

Stony Plain and District.

Mr. John Schults, Barrhead, paid his old friends in Stony a visit on Saturday.

Mr. Joe Mayer and Mr. Ed Sommerfield were present at the Tivoli, Edmonton, Tues. when Lt. Gov. Walsh opened the Automobile Show. All makes of cars were on display.

By an order which went into effect Monday last, all trucks and busses have been barred from using the high ways until further notice.

St. Philip's branch of the Catholic Women's League met on Sunday the 28th, with the president Mrs. Callahan in the chair; others present—Mrs. Kelly, Mrs. Bittner, Mrs. Gorbury, the Misses J. and M. Callahan, Marie Gannon and Christina Pailer. It was decided to hold a Tea on Sat., April 15, at the home of Mrs. Kelly.

Last Saturday—Afternoon the Stony Plain United Farmers Local held its regular monthly meeting in the U.F.A. Hall. Among other matters, a distribution of the bonus among members of the section of the Stony Plain Constituency Co-operative society took place.

Great interest is being taken by farmers of the district and many of the town people in the big auction sale of stock and miscellaneous articles, to be held here Sat. April 8th. Bring in the things you don't want and get cash for 'em.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Before the P. M.

Magistrate Williams held court in Stony on Monday last, there being a few small debt cases, an assault case, and an argument over payment for a quilt. The latter case was between two residents of the town, and arose over a trade of a feather quilt and a load of firewood. The chap who parted with the quilt claimed this had never been paid for—neither in money nor firewood. To add insult to injury, when payment for the quilt was requested, the article was returned to the original owner. This the O.O. objected to, hence suit. The Magistrate suggested the original agreement be lived up to, and that the firewood in payment, be made.

In the assault case, the defendant was fined \$20 and costs or two months at the Fort.

Church Services.

Services in St. Philip's Church next Sunday, 9.30 a.m.

Service at St. Matthew Lutheran Church, Spruce Grove, 10.45 a.m. next Sunday.

German Lutheran services will be held in Stony Plain next Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

United Church service every Sunday Evg. at 7.30.

Services will be held at United Church at 10.30 the morning of Good Friday.

Owing to the fact that the 3rd Sunday in April occurs on Easter Sunday, the regular English Lutheran service will not be held in Stony Plain on that date. A service will be held on Good Friday evening at 7.30. Rev. H. Kuring Pastor.

During the Lenten season services are being held at 7.30 every Wednesday evening at St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, by Pastor Eberhardt.

The Sun's Calendar.

APRIL—
8—Auction Sale in Stony Plain
14—Good Friday.
15—Silver Tea by St. Philip's C. W. L.
17—Dance, Holborn Hall by the U.F.W.A.
17—Community dance at the Murr Lake Hall.
17—Dance, Moose Hall.
22—Stony Plain U.F.A. Local to meet.

Spruce Grove News

Mr. Brian Piercey spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Piercey.

Mr. and Mrs. "Bert" Flesher were Sunday visitors with Mr. and Mrs. McLeod.

A dance was held Friday evening last at Huron school-house.

The Edmonton branch of the Alpine Society of Canada, of which Capt. R. R. Gibson is an officer, are holding a banquet at the Macdonald, to commemorate the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Society.

Mr. Joseph Whitelock was a business visitor to Stony on Saturday last.

The Y. P. S. of the United Church held its regular meeting last evening.

Mr. J. H. McLaughlin, local agent for Elephant Brand Fertilizer, made a motor trip to the City on Tuesday.

Sparkie Says.

This fellow Babson says the depression will be worn out by 1935. So will we.

These are exciting times—you never know when you're going to find a dime in an old pair of trousers.

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	0.30
No. 2 Northern	0.29
No. 3 Northern	0.27
No. 4 Northern	0.25
BATS.	
2 C. W.11
3 C. W.10
Extra 1 Feed09
No. 1 Feed09
No. 2 Feed07
BARLEY.	
No. 313
No. 411
Feed10

SAVE YOURSELF GRIEF!

\$8.55---4.40x21

Is the price of a new Good-year tire with Pathfinder tread ... made with Superstic Cord ... fully guaranteed.

Don't be satisfied with tires of unknown make and doubtful quality. You'll save yourself a lot of grief by getting genuine Goodyears.

Take advantage of the price quoted. It's a real bargain. Other sizes priced proportionately low.



Sommerfield & Mayer
STONY PLAIN

Elephant Brand FERTILIZER.

Prices for 1933 are as follows:

AMMONIUM PHOSPHATE,
\$58.30 per ton, cash, off car.

TRIPLE SUPER PHOSPHATE,
\$45.00 per ton, cash, off car.

Time prices slightly higher.

Cost per acre runs from 70c.—\$1.20.

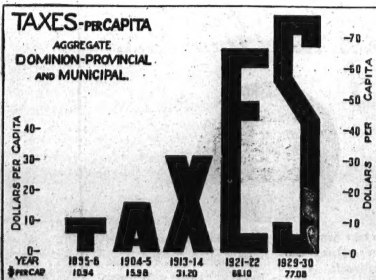
Fertilizer attachments are now handled by the I.H.C. Massey Harris, John Deere, and Cock-shutt for the newer models of their own drills. The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. make attachments for all drills, new or old, at \$3.50 per run, less 5 per cent for cash.

Orders should be in soon, to get advantage of car load rate.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS WRITE

J. H. McLAUGHLIN, at Spruce Grove,
OR PHONE 972-5123.

Taxation in Canada



Combined taxes levied by Dominion, Provincial and Municipal Governments in Canada were \$15,980,000 in 1913-14, \$16,100,000 in 1914-15, \$16,220,000 in 1915-16, \$16,340,000 in 1916-17, \$16,460,000 in 1917-18, \$16,580,000 in 1918-19, \$16,700,000 in 1919-20, \$16,820,000 in 1920-21, \$16,940,000 in 1921-22, \$17,060,000 in 1922-23, \$17,180,000 in 1923-24, \$17,300,000 in 1924-25, \$17,420,000 in 1925-26, \$17,540,000 in 1926-27, \$17,660,000 in 1927-28, and \$17,780,000 in 1928-29, according to a study prepared by W. Sanford Evans, and released for the National Committee on Economy in Public Finance by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce.

Per capita, the taxes are as shown in the diagram: \$10.94 in

1913-14, \$11.06 in 1914-15, \$11.18 in 1915-16, \$11.30 in 1916-17, \$11.42 in 1917-18, \$11.54 in 1918-19, \$11.66 in 1919-20, \$11.78 in 1920-21, \$11.90 in 1921-22, \$12.02 in 1922-23, \$12.14 in 1923-24, \$12.26 in 1924-25, \$12.38 in 1925-26, \$12.50 in 1926-27, \$12.62 in 1927-28, and \$12.74 in 1928-29.